

Neglect and Deprivation

Primary Resources

Title, Date & Author	Brief Synopsis	Additional Notes
<p><i>Child Neglect: An Overview.</i> Adapted from <i>Child Neglect: A guide for prevention, assessment and intervention and Acts of Omission: An overview of child neglect.</i> US Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families. (see additional resources)</p>	<p>This resource provides a general overview of neglect by combining information from two more lengthy articles. Included are definitions and examples of the different types of neglect. Associated topic areas such as poverty, domestic violence and substance abuse are also addressed. Finally, the resource concludes with intervention considerations. References to other resources are also included.</p>	
<p>Block, R.W., Krebs, N.F., the American Academy of Pediatrics Committee on Child Abuse and Neglect, & the Committee on Nutrition. (2005). Failure to thrive as a manifestation of child neglect. <i>Pediatrics</i>, 116(5), 1234-1237.</p>	<p>Failure to Thrive (FTT) is defined as a significantly prolonged cessation of appropriate weight gain compared with recognized norms for age and gender. FTT in infants and children results from inadequate nutrition to maintain physical growth and development which raises concerns about child maltreatment. The article describes the incidence and causal factors opining that poverty is the greatest single risk factor for FTT worldwide and in the United States. However, when child neglect is involved, other factors may be present, i.e. lack of extended family assistance, social isolation of family, substance abuse, family violence, single parenthood and employment instability.</p>	<p>This article is a clinical report that focuses upon the consideration, evaluation, and management of FTT when child neglect is present.</p>